A sign is something, \( A \), which brings something, \( B \), its interpretant sign, determined or created by it, into the same sort of correspondence (or a lower implied sort) with something, \( C \), its object, as that in which itself stands to \( C \).


References: NEM 4:54

Date of Quote: 1902

URL: http://www.commens.org/dictionary/entry/quote-carnegie-institution-correspondence-15