'Copy [in Semeiotic]' (pub. 05.05.13-18:42). Quote in M. Bergman & S. Paavola (Eds.), *The Commens Dictionary: Peirce's Terms in His Own Words. New Edition*. Retrieved from http://www.commens.org/dictionary/entry/quote-harvard-lectures-logic-science-lecture-i.

Term: Copy [in Semeiotic]

Quote: The first and simplest kind of truth is the resemblance of a copy. It may be

roughly stated to consist in a sameness of predicates. Leibniz would say that carried to its highest point, it would destroy itself by becoming identity. Whether that is true or not, all known resemblance has a limit. Hence, resemblance is always partial truth. On the other hand, no two things are so different as to resemble each other in no particular. Such a case is supposed in the proverb that Dreams go by contraries, - an absurd notion, since concretes have no contraries. A false *copy* is one which claims to resemble an object which it does not resemble. But this never fully occurs, for two reasons; in the first place, the falsehood does not lie in the *copy* itself but in the *claim* which is made for it, in the *superscription* for instance; in the second place, as there must be *some* resemblance between the copy and its object, this falsehood

cannot be entire. Hence, there is no absolute truth or falsehood of copies.

Peirce, C. S. (1865). Harvard Lectures on the Logic of Science. Lecture I. MS [W]

94; MS [R] 340, 734.

References: W 1:169-170

Date of 1865

Quote:

Source:

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lecture-i