'Abduction' (pub. 30.12.12-17:39). Quote in M. Bergman & S. Paavola (Eds.), *The Commens Dictionary: Peirce's Terms in His Own Words. New Edition*. Retrieved from

http://www.commens.org/dictionary/entry/quote-logic-drawing-history-ancient-documents-especially-testimonies-log ic-histor-2.

Term: Abduction

**Quote:** Accepting the conclusion that an explanation is needed when facts contrary to

what we should expect emerge, it follows that the explanation must be such a proposition as would lead to the prediction of the observed facts, either as necessary consequences or at least as very probable under the circumstances. A hypothesis then, has to be adopted, which is likely in itself, and renders the facts likely. This step of adopting a hypothesis as being suggested by the facts, is what I call abduction. I reckon it as a form of inference, however problematical the hypothesis may be held. What are to be the logical rules to which we are to conform in taking this step? There would be no logic in imposing rules, and saying that they ought to be followed, until it is made out that the purpose of hypothesis requires them. [—] Ultimately, the circumstance that a hypothesis, although it may lead us to expect some facts to be as they are, may in the future lead us to erroneous expectations about other facts, this circumstance, which anybody must have admitted as soon as it was brought home to him, was brought home to scientific men so forcibly, first in astronomy, and then in other sciences, that it became axiomatical that a hypothesis adopted by abduction could only be adopted on probation, and must

be tested.

**Source:** Peirce, C. S. (1901). On the Logic of Drawing History from Ancient Documents

Especially from Testimonies (Logic of History). MS [R] 690.

References: CP 7.202

**Date of** 1901

**Quote:** 

**URL:** http://www.commens.org/dictionary/entry/quote-logic-drawing-history-ancient-d

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