'Predicate' (pub. 12.01.15-18:32). Quote in M. Bergman & S. Paavola (Eds.), *The Commens Dictionary: Peirce's Terms in His Own Words. New Edition*. Retrieved from http://www.commens.org/dictionary/entry/quote-prolegomena-apology-pragmaticism-32.

**Term:** Predicate

Quote: An ordinary Proposition ingeniously contrives to convey novel information

through Signs whose significance depends entirely on the interpreter's familiarity with them; and this it does by means of a "Predicate," i.e., a term explicitly indefinite in breadth, and defining its breadth by means of "Subjects," or terms whose breadths are somewhat definite, but whose informative depth (i.e., all the depth except an essential superficies) is indefinite, while conversely the depth of the Subjects is in a measure defined by the Predicate. A Predicate is either non-relative, or a monad, that is, is explicitly indefinite in one extensive respect, as is "black"; or it is a dyadic relative, or dyad, such as

"kills," or it is a polyadic relative, such as "gives."

**Source:** Peirce, C. S. (1906). Prolegomena to an Apology for Pragmaticism. *The Monist*,

16, 492-546.

References: CP 6.543

**Date of** 1906

Quote:

**URL:** http://www.commens.org/dictionary/entry/quote-prolegomena-apology-pragmat

icism-32